

**IN THE CLAIMS:**

Please **AMEND** elected claims 2, 4, 8-12, 29, 30, and 32-39, and **AMEND** withdrawn claims 5-7, as follows:

1. (CANCELED)

2. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) An electrolyte for a lithium-sulfur battery having a positive and negative electrode, comprising:

a first solvent having a dielectric constant that is greater than or equal to 20;

a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3; and

an electrolyte salt,

wherein:

said first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramidate, ethanol, and isopropanol, and

the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 80% by ~~weight~~weight-volume of the electrolyte.

3. (WITHDRAWN) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 2, wherein said second solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methylethyl ketone, pyridine, methyl formate, n-propyl acetate, ethyl ether, methylethyl carbonate, toluene, fluorotoluene, benzene, fluorobenzene, p-dioxane, and cyclohexane.

4. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A lithium-sulfur battery comprising:

a positive electrode including an active material including lithium;

a negative electrode having another active material including sulfur; and

an An-electrolyte disposed between ~~for a lithium-sulfur battery having a~~ the positive and negative electrodes, the electrolyte comprising:

a first solvent having a dielectric constant that is greater than or equal to 20;

a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3; and

an electrolyte salt,

wherein:

the first solvent is less than 30% and at or greater than 20% by ~~weight~~weight-volume of the electrolyte, and

the second solvent is roughly between 80% and about 60% by ~~weight~~ volume of the electrolyte.

5. (WITHDRAWN) The ~~electrolyte for the~~ lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein the electrolyte further comprising comprises an additive that forms a solid electrolyte interface (SEI) at a surface of the negative electrode during charging.

6. (WITHDRAWN) The ~~electrolyte for the~~ lithium-sulfur battery of claim 5, wherein said additive is at least one selected from a group consisting of vinylene carbonate, vinylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene sulfite, ethylene sulfide and bismuth carbonate.

7. (WITHDRAWN) The ~~electrolyte for the~~ lithium-sulfur battery of claim 5, wherein said additive is roughly between 0.2% and 10% by weight of the electrolyte.

8. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The ~~electrolyte for the~~ lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein said electrolyte salt is at least one selected from a group consisting of lithium hexafluorophosphate ( $\text{LiPF}_6$ ), lithium tetrafluoroborate ( $\text{LiBF}_4$ ), lithium hexafluoroarsenate ( $\text{LiAsF}_6$ ), lithium perchlorate ( $\text{LiClO}_4$ ), lithium trifluoromethane sulfonyl imide ( $\text{LiN}(\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_2)_2$ ), and lithium trifluorosulfonate ( $\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{Li}$ ).

9. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The ~~electrolyte for the~~ lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein a concentration of said electrolyte salt is roughly between 0.5 M and 2.0 M.

10. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A lithium-sulfur battery comprising:  
a negative electrode comprising a negative active material selected from a group consisting of lithium metal, lithium-containing alloy, a combination electrode of a lithium/inactive sulfur, a compound that can reversibly intercalate lithium ion, and a compound that can reversibly redoxdate with a lithium ion at a surface;  
an electrolyte comprising a first solvent having a dielectric constant that is greater than or equal to 20, a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3, and an electrolyte salt; and  
a positive electrode comprising a positive active material comprising at least one sulfur-based material selected from a group consisting of a sulfur element,  $\text{Li}_2\text{S}_n$  ( $n \geq 1$ ), an organic

sulfur compound, and a carbon-sulfur polymer  $((C_2S_x)_n$  where  $x=2.5$  to  $50$  and  $n \geq 2$ ), and an electrically conductive material,

wherein

the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 40% by weight-volume of the electrolyte, and

the second solvent is roughly between 80% and about 60% by weight-volume of the electrolyte.

11. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) ~~An electrolyte for a~~ lithium-sulfur battery, comprising:  
a positive electrode including an active material including lithium;  
a negative electrode including another active material including sulfur; and  
an electrolyte disposed between the positive and negative electrodes, the electrolyte comprising

a first solvent having a polarity high enough to dissolve an ionic compound;  
a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3; and  
an electrolyte salt,

wherein

the first solvent is less than 30% and at or greater than 20% by weight-volume of the electrolyte, and

the second solvent is roughly between 80% and about 60% by weight-volume of the electrolyte.

12. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) A lithium-sulfur battery comprising:

a negative electrode comprising a negative active material including sulfur;  
an electrolyte comprising

a first solvent having a polarity high enough to dissolve an ionic compound,  
a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3, and  
an electrolyte salt; and

a positive electrode comprising a positive active material including lithium,

wherein

the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 40% by weight-volume of the electrolyte, and

the second solvent is more than 70% and at or less than 80% by weight-volume of the electrolyte.

13. (ORIGINAL) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 12, wherein the first solvent has a dielectric constant that is greater than or equal to 20.

14. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) A lithium-sulfur battery comprising:  
a negative electrode comprising a negative active material;  
an electrolyte comprising  
    a first solvent having a polarity high enough to dissolve an ionic compound,  
    a second solvent having a viscosity that is less than or equal to 1.3, and  
    an electrolyte salt; and  
a positive electrode comprising a positive active material,  
wherein:  
    the first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramidate, ethanol, and isopropanol,  
    the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 80% by volume of said electrolyte,  
and  
    the second solvent is roughly between 20% and about 80% by volume of said electrolyte.

15. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the second solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methylethyl ketone, pyridine, methyl formate, n-propyl acetate, ethyl ether, methylethyl carbonate, toluene, fluorotoluene, benzene, fluorobenzene, p-dioxane, and cyclohexane.

16. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein:  
the first solvent is roughly between 20% and 40% by volume of said electrolyte, and  
the second solvent is roughly between 80% and about 60% by volume of said electrolyte.

17. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein a ratio of the first solvent to the second solvent is roughly 1:1.

18. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 12, wherein said electrolyte further comprises an additive that prevents the formation of dendrite on a surface of said negative electrode during charging.

19. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 18, wherein the additive forms a solid electrolyte interface (SEI) at the surface of said negative electrode.

20. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 18, wherein the additive is at least one selected from a group consisting of vinylene carbonate, vinylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene sulfite, ethylene sulfide and bismuth carbonate.

21. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 18, wherein the additive is roughly between 0.2% and 10% by weight of said electrolyte.

22. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, further comprising an additive that forms a solid electrolyte interface (SEI) at a surface of the negative electrode during charging.

23. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 22, wherein said additive is at least one selected from a group consisting of vinylene carbonate, vinylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene trithiocarbonate, ethylene sulfite, ethylene sulfide and bismuth carbonate.

24. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 23, wherein said electrolyte salt is at least one selected from a group consisting of lithium hexafluorophosphate ( $\text{LiPF}_6$ ), lithium tetrafluoroborate ( $\text{LiBF}_4$ ), lithium hexafluoroarsenate ( $\text{LiAsF}_6$ ), lithium perchlorate ( $\text{LiClO}_4$ ), lithium trifluoromethane sulfonyl imide ( $\text{LiN}(\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_2)_2$ ), and lithium trifluorosulfonate ( $\text{CF}_3\text{SO}_3\text{Li}$ ).

25. (WITHDRAWN) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 3, wherein said first solvent is sulfolane, and said second solvent is the toluene.

26. (WITHDRAWN) The electrolyte for the lithium-sulfur battery of claim 3, wherein said first solvent is sulfolane, and said second solvent is the n-propyl acetate.

27. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 15, wherein said first solvent is sulfolane, and said second solvent is the toluene.

28. (WITHDRAWN) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 15, wherein said first solvent is sulfolane, and said second solvent is the n-propyl acetate.

29. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The ~~electrolyte for the~~ lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein the first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of ethylene carbonate, propylene carbonate, dimethyl sulfoxide, sulforane,  $\gamma$ -butyrolactone, acetonitrile, dimethyl formamide, methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramidate, ethanol, and isopropanol.

30. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The ~~electrolyte for the~~ lithium-sulfur battery of claim 4, wherein the second solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methylethyl ketone, pyridine, methyl formate, tetrahydrofuran, diglyme (2-methoxyethyl ether), 1,3-dioxolane, methyl acetate, 2-methyl tetrahydrofuran, ethyl acetate, n-propyl acetate, ethyl propionate, methyl propionate, ethyl ether, diethyl carbonate, methylethyl carbonate, dimethyl carbonate, toluene, fluorotoluene, 1,2-dimethoxy ethane, benzene, fluorobenzene, p-dioxane, and cyclohexane.

31. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein said first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramidate, ethanol, and isopropanol.

32. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein the second solvent is more than 70% by ~~weight~~ volume of the electrolyte.

33. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein the first solvent is less than 30% by ~~weight~~ volume of the electrolyte.

34. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein the second solvent is substantially 80% by ~~weight~~ volume of the electrolyte.

35. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 10, wherein the first solvent is substantially 20% by ~~weight~~ volume of the electrolyte.

36. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the second solvent is more than 70% by ~~weight~~ volume of the electrolyte.

37. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the first solvent is less than 30% by ~~weight~~ volume of the electrolyte.

38. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the second solvent is substantially 80% by ~~weight~~ volume of the electrolyte.

39. (CURRENTLY AMENDED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein the first solvent is substantially 20% by ~~weight~~ volume of the electrolyte.

40. (PREVIOUSLY PRESENTED) The lithium-sulfur battery of claim 14, wherein said first solvent is at least one selected from a group consisting of methanol, hexamethyl phosphoramidate, ethanol, and isopropanol.